

NEWBORN SCREENING

Women and their families should understand the purpose of all tests before they are taken



PRECONCEPTION

Commence folic acid

Give pre-screening information as soon as possible

ANTENATAL

Blood for haemoglobin, group, rhesus & antibodies as early as possible, or as soon as a woman arrives for care, including labour

Blood for Syphilis, Hepatitis B, HIV & Rubella susceptibility as early as possible, or as soon as a woman arrives for care, including labour

Blood for Sickle Cell & Thalassaemia

Blood for early Down's syndrome test

Blood for later Down's syndrome test

Repeat haemoglobin & antibodies

Dating Scan

Nuchal Translucency Scan

Detailed ultrasound anomaly scan

Give & discuss newborn screening information

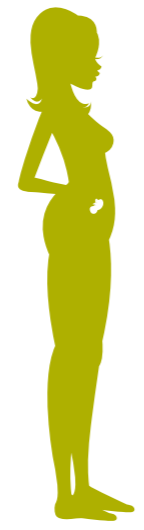
NEWBORN

Physical Examination by 72 hours

Physical Examination by 8 weeks

Newborn Blood Spot 2 - 7 days

Newborn Hearing Screen



Key to screening programmes:

 Down's syndrome & Fetal Anomaly Ultrasound	 Newborn Blood Spot	 Sickle Cell & Thalassaemia	 Sickle Cell & Thalassaemia	 Screening for infectious diseases in pregnancy	 Screening for infectious diseases in pregnancy
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Screening Today for a Safer Tomorrow

www.newbornscreening.co.za